

2000 1065ME/1120S-ME

000081000

MAINE INFORMATION RETURN

For calendar year 2000 or tax year beginning in 2000 (attach federal form)

000081000

For tax period 01/01/00 - 12/31/00 or		FEDERAL EMPLOYER ID NUMBER					
Check here if this is an amended return	, , , , , , , 00						
NAME			STATE OF INCORPORATION	DATE INCORPORATED			
ADDRESS		PRINCIPAL PLACE OF ACTIVITY IN MAINE					
CITY, TOWN OR POST OFFICE STATE ZIP CODE		CITY/STATE WHERE RECORDS A	ARE MAINTAINED				
BUSINESS CODE TAX MATTERS PARTNER/PERSON	IDENTIFYING N	UMBER OF TAX MATTERS F	PERSON TELE	PHONE NUMBER			
TYPE OF ENTITY:		CHECK HERE IF:	Name or	address has changed			
Partnership S corporation Lin	nited liability company	First filing of the	entity Inactive entit	Final return			
Do not submit photocopies of this form; photocopies cannot be processed by the Maine Revenue Services scanning system. Do not use red ink.							
1. Number of partners, shareholders or members: a Residents (of Maine) b Nonresidents c Total							
d. Over 100 partners/shareholders - include	only IRS Form 1065 or F	orm 1120S with this fo	rm (send <u>no</u> K-1s).				
e. 100 or fewer partners/shareholders - incl	ude Maine Schedule of Par	tners/Shareholders inco	ome, IRS Form 1065 or Form	n 1120S <u>and all K-1s</u> .			
2. Have you made/will you make composite filing	2. Have you made/will you make composite filing under Rule 805 for nonresident partners/shareholders: Yes No						
a. If "Yes" checked on line 2 above, enter INCOME FROM FEDERAL FORM 1065, Schedule K, Analysis of Net Income, Line 1 or Form 1120S, Schedule K, line 23							
b. MULTIPLY THE AMOUNT FROM THE LINE ABOVE BY THE APPORTIONMENT FACTOR, line 4d below – this is the total Maine income to be used for composite filing on Form 1040ME							
THIS SECTION MUST BE COMPLETED BY ALL FILERS							
3. LOCATION OF DOING BUSINESS:							
a. Does business entirely within Maine (complete only lines 4e and 4f below).							
 b. Does business entirely outside Maine (do not complete lines 4a-4f). c. Engaged in interstate commerce including doing business in Maine. Please complete apportionment of income schedule below. 							
c. Engaged in interstate commerce inclu	ding doing business in Mai	ne. Please complete ap (B)	oportionment of income sche	(C)			
Totals within		Totals within and v		Maine factors: Col. A/Col. B x statutory weighting			
Maine		Maine		rounded to 6 decimals			
4 a. Total SALES x .50 = • x .50 = •							
b. Total PAYROLL x .25 = • x .25 = •							
c. Total PROPERTY x.25 = • x.25 = x.25 = • x.25 = x.25							
d. MAINE APPORTIONMENT FACTOR (total of Colu	ımn C)		d.	•			
e. INCOME (LOSS) FROM FEDERAL FORM 1065 OR FORM 1120S (see instructions on reverse)e.							
f. INCOME APPORTIONED TO MAINE (line e x line d factor)							
Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements and to the best of my knowledge and belief they are true, correct and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge.							
<u> </u>							
Officer's signature	Title		Da	te			
r <u>k</u> a		Office use on	ly 🔲	LG K-1			
Preparer's signature	Date						

FORM 1065ME/1120S-ME INSTRUCTIONS

WHO MUST FILE THIS FORM? Partnerships and S corporations filing federal Form 1065 or 1120S that do business in Maine or that have resident partners or shareholders. S corporations that have federal taxable income must also file Form 1120ME. Financial institutions organized as partnerships or S corporations do not file this form – see instructions for Form 1120B-ME. Forms are available by calling 207-624-7894 or on the Internet at: http://janus.state.me.us/revenue.

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES. A domestic limited liability company or a foreign limited liability company doing business in Maine is classified as a partnership for Maine income tax purposes, unless classified otherwise for federal income tax purposes. The limited liability company is classified in the same manner for Maine income tax as for federal income tax purposes.

WHEN MUST THE FORM BE FILED? S corporations must file Form 1065ME/1120S-ME by the 15th day of the 3rd month following the close of the taxable year. Partnerships must file Form 1065ME/1120S-ME by the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of the taxable year.

WHERE TO FILE. Mail completed form with copies of federal Form 1065 or Form 1120S to Maine Revenue Services, 24 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333-0024.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

- If other than a calendar year, enter beginning and ending dates for the tax year covered by the return.
- Write the federal EIN used on federal Form 1065 or Form 1120S.
- Indicate the business name used on federal Form 1065 or Form 1120S.

- Indicate the business mailing address, including the name of the entity officer or tax matters partner to whom correspondence should be addressed.
- Check the appropriate business type and attach the corresponding federal form to Form 1065ME/1120S-ME.
- · Indicate changes, if any.

LINE 1.

- (a) Indicate number of partners/shareholders who are residents of Maine.
- (b) Indicate number of partners/shareholders who are nonresidents of Maine.
- (c) Indicate total number of partners/shareholders.

(d) Over 100 partners/shareholders. Attach only IRS Form 1065 or Form 1120S and no K-1s. 100 or fewer partners/shareholders. Attach Maine Schedule of Partners/Shareholders Income, IRS Form 1065 or Form 1120S and all K-1s. (If entity is filing a Maine composite 1040ME for nonresident partners/shareholders, see line 2.)

LINE 2. Composite filing under Me. Rev. Serv. Rule 805 for non-Maine resident partners/shareholders. A composite return is filed by a partnership or S corporation for its nonresident partners/shareholders electing to participate and whose only Maine income is from the entity (see 36 M.R.S.A. § 5192(5)). Indicate "Yes" if filing a composite return for any nonresident partner/shareholder. For composite filing purposes, complete lines 2a and 2b. The amount on line 2b is the income total to be used on the composite return, Form 1040ME. If "No" is checked on line 2, do not complete lines 2a and 2b.

LINE 2a. Partnerships enter on this line the amount from federal Form 1065, Schedule K, Analysis of Net Income, line 1. Analysis of Net Income is located on page 4 of Form 1065 and line 1 consists of Schedule K, lines 1 through 7 minus lines 8 through 11, 14a, 17e and 18b. S corporations enter on this line the amount from federal Form 1120S, Schedule K, line 23.

LINE 3. Indicate location of partnership or S corporation business activity. If line 3a is checked, complete lines 4e and 4f. If line 3c is checked, complete lines 4a - 4f.

LINE 4. Apportionment of Income Schedule. This schedule is for entities engaged in interstate business. Maine employs a three-factor formula to determine the percentage of business income that is apportioned to Maine. This percentage is derived from a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus twice the sales factor, and the denominator of which is 4. If the apportionment provisions do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity in this state, the taxpayer may petition for, or the State Tax Assessor may require, an alternate method of apportionment. If one factor is excludable from the apportionment formula, the weighting of the two remaining factors must be changed. A factor is excludable only if both the numerator and denominator are zero, but is not excludable merely because the numerator is zero. When excluding the sales factor, change the weight of the payroll and property factors to 50% (0.5) each. When excluding either the payroll or property factor, change the weight of the sales factor to 66.67% (0.6667) and the weight of the remaining factor to 33.33% (0.3333). If two factors are excludable from the apportionment formula, change the weight of the remaining factor to 100%. If you are excluding any factors, attach a schedule detailing the factors used and the apportionment computation. The total of lines 4a, 4b and 4c (from Column C) must equal the amount you enter on line 4d. See Me. Rev. Serv. Rule 801.

Sales Factor (line a). "Sales" means all gross receipts such as trade sales, dividends, interest, rents and royalties. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer in the state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total sales of the taxpayer everywhere during the tax period.

Sales of tangible personal property are attributed to Maine if: (1) the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser other than the U.S. government, in Maine, regardless of the F.O.B. point or other conditions of the sale, or (2) the property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory or other place in storage in Maine and the purchaser is the U.S. government or the taxpayer is not taxed in the state of the purchaser.

Sales, other than sales of tangible personal property, are attributed to Maine if: (1) the income-producing activity is performed in this state, or (2) the income-producing activity is performed both in and outside Maine and a greater proportion of the income-producing activity is performed in this state than any other state, based on costs of performance.

Payroll Factor (line b). The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total paid in Maine during the tax period by the taxpayer for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid everywhere during the tax period. "Compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration to employees for personal services, including deferred compensation is paid in Maine if: (1) the individual's service is performed entirely within this state, or (2) the individual's service is performed both within and outside Maine, but the service performed outside the state is incidental to the individual's service within Maine, or (3) some of the service is performed in the state and the base of operations (or, if there is no base of operations, the place from where the service is directed or controlled is in a state in which no service is performed), and the individual's residence is in Maine.

Property Factor (line c). The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property (including inventory) owned or rented and used in Maine during the tax period and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property (including inventory) owned or rented and used during the tax period.

Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at original cost. The value of rental property for purposes of apportioning income to Maine is now eight times the annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer. Previously, the value of rental property was eight times the net annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer, taking into consideration rent received from sub-rentals. Effective April 14, 2000 and applies to all open tax periods. 36 M.R.S.A. § 5211(10). The average value of the property is determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax period, but the State Tax Assessor of Maine Revenue Services may require the averaging of monthly values during the tax period if reasonably required to reflect properly the average value of the taxpayer's property.

LINE 4e. Income (loss) from Federal Form 1065 or Form 1120S. From federal Form 1065, enter the amount from Schedule K, lines 1 through 7 less line 9 and less the amount on line 10 included on federal Schedule E (regarding royalties). From federal Form 1120S, enter the amount from Schedule K, lines 1 through 6 less line 8 and less the amount on line 9 included on federal Schedule E (regarding royalties).

Signature(s) is/are required. Call the forms line at 207-624-7894 or visit our Web site at http://janus.state.me.us/revenue if you need additional copies of this form or the Schedule of Partners/ Shareholders Income. If you have any questions, call 207-626-8475 weekdays 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m., except holidays.

NOTE: For entities with over 100 partners/shareholders, no K-1s should be attached and the Schedule of Partners/Shareholders Income is not required.



Schedule of Partners/Shareholders Income

000081100

FORM 1065ME/1120S-ME 2000

	Federal Employer ID No.	4.1	000081100	
1 Name		Social Security No.	Partner/Shareholder share of inco	
Address			Partner/shareholder stat Resident of Maine Nonresident of Maine	
City 2		State ZI	P	
Name		Social Security No.	Partner/Shareholder share of inco	
Address			Resident of Maine Nonresident of Maine	
City 3		State ZI	P	
Name		Social Security No.	Partner/shareholder stat	
Address			Resident of Maine Nonresident of Maine	
City		State ZI	P	
Name		Social Security No.	Partner/Shareholder share of inco	me
Address			Partner/shareholder stat Resident of Maine Nonresident of Maine	
City 5		State ZI		_
Name		Social Security No.	Partner/Shareholder share of inco	
Address			Partner/shareholder stat Resident of Maine Nonresident of Maine	
City 6		State ZI		
Name		Social Security No.	Partner/Shareholder share of inco	
Address			Resident of Maine Nonresident of Maine	
City		State ZI		

SCHEDULE OF PARTNERS/SHAREHOLDERS INCOME. Enter the appropriate information for each partner or shareholder. Be sure to enter the distributive income for each person listed. The total shares of income for all partners/shareholders should equal the amount on line 4f of Form 1065ME/1120S-ME. If there are more than 6 partners/shareholders, additional forms may be requested from Maine Revenue Services at 207-624-7894 or printed from the MRS Web site at: http://janus.state.me.us/revenue.

Approved, computer generated substitute schedules may be used, but only after gaining official approval from Maine Revenue Services. A list of software developers who have created approved schedules is available on the MRS Web site at: http://janus.state.me.us/revenue.

NOTE: For entities with over 100 partners/shareholders, this schedule is not required.

ALL PAGES OF THIS SCHEDULE MUST BE FILED WITH FORM 1065ME/1120S-ME